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'KCNA' DENOUNCES U.S. WAR EXERCISES IN SOUTH KOREA

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1556 GMT 6 Jul 78 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 6 Jul (KCNA)—It was reported by a South Korean radio that a heavily—armed destroyer belonging to the U.S. Seventh Fleet called at Pusan port on 22 June to fan the war fever on the even of 25 June. The U.S. imperialists mobilized the destroyer in the provocative "joint South Korea—U.S. landing operation exercise" held in the coastal areas of Pohang and Chinhae and sent it to Pusan port as soon as the exercise was over.

This demonstration of strength by the U.S. imperialists shows how desperately they try to boost the morale of the moribund puppets.

These days the U.S. imperialists are whipping up a war atmosphere, staging military exercises more frequently with the mobilization of their aggressor forces and combat equipment to save from the predicament the puppets who are in the grip of a serious crisis, rejected within and without, and encourage them to the provocation of a war.

According to an announcement of the commander of the U.S. Eighth Army occupying South Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army staged "joint exercises which were not reported in papers" with the puppet army on the ground and in the sky and the sea almost every day for the past 18 months.

During the first 6 months of this year they committed bombing exercises by Guam-based "B-52" strategic bombers in the sky above South Korea for 17 times.

Such criminal acts disturb peace and increase tension in our country.

All facts clearly show that U.S. imperialism is the heinous aggressor, war igniter and the very one obstructing the independent and peaceful reunification of our country.

TOKYO MEETING SUPPORTS KOREA'S REUNIFICATION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1017 GMT 8 Jul 78 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Jul (KCNA)--A 4 July central meeting supporting Korean reunification and opposing Japan-U.S.-South Korea military integration was held in Tokyo, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

A large number of Japanese personages of broad sections attended the meeting which was co-sponsored by the Japan Socialist Party, the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo) and the National Council for the Normalization of Japan-Korea Relations.

The meeting was addressed first by Yun Sang-chol, vice chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), who was a guest, and Makoto Ichikawa, representative member of the Japan preparation committee for the second world conference for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

In his speech Makoto Ichikawa underscored the significance of the second world conference for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea slated in November this year and called for efforts to make the conference a success.

Then, Motofumi Makieda, chairman of Sohyo, Shinnen Tagaya, general secretary of the Japan Socialist Party, and Yoshimichi Aoyama, director of the secretariat of the National Council for the Normalisation of Japan-Korea Relations, spoke expressing their determination.

Motofumi Makieda referred to the great victory won by the Korean people in the fatherland liberation war under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Sohyo together with the Japanese people of all strata will strive for a success of the second world conference for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, he declared.

Shinnen Tagaya exposed the fraud of the "troop pullout plan" advertised by the U.S. imperialists and the zealous partaking of Japan in the criminal "two Koreas" plot.

Noting that the question of Korean reunification is closely connected with peace in Japan and Asia, he stressed: It is not only a problem of the Korean people but a problem of the Japanese people.

The meeting adopted an appeal.

It demanded that the United States immediately withdraw all its troops and all its weapons including nuclear weapons from South Korea and promptly respond to a negotiation with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to replace the armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

It also demanded the Fukuda cabinet to stop all its "aid" to the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique, remove all obstacles to the reunification of Korea including the "Japan-South Korea Treaty" and fundamentally change its policy toward Korea.

It said that greater efforts should be made for a success of the second world conference for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea to be held in Tokyo in November this year by uniting strength with South Korean people fighting against the Pak Chong-hui fascist "regime" and for democracy, the entire Korean people fighting for the reunification of the country and the international forces supporting the reunification of Korea.

KOREANS IN JAPAN CALL FOR STRUGGLE AGAINST 'TWO KOREAS PLOT'

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1538 GMT 7 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Jul (KCNA)—The "Committee of South Koreans in Japan for Solidarity With the Revolutionary Party for Reunification on 4 July made public a statement on the situation on the sixth anniversary of the publication of the 4 July North-South Joint Statement, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

It earnestly appealed to the patriotic compatriots at home and abroad to rise as one in the struggle against Pak Chong-hui and for democracy and the struggle against the "two Koreas" plot.

The statement underscored the weighty significance of the publication of the North-South Joint Statement the keynote of which is the three principles of national reunification—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity—and the validity of the principles of national reunification contained in it.

The agreed points of the North-South Joint Statement must be thoroughly implemented to solve the question of the country's reunification, the cherished desire of the nation, the statement said, and continued:

But, no sooner had they signed the joint statement than the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique violated it, with a view to fixing the split of the nation.

Denouncing this treacherous crime, the statement said: The "two Koreas" plot of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique backed by the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionaries laid a grave stumbling block in the way of the reunification of our country.

The Pak regime, talking about "economic cooperation between the north and south," tries to use the reunification question as a lever for the long-term office. It openly revealed its intention for permanent rule through the "presidential election."

The reality clearly shows that the struggle against the Pak regime must be strengthened not only for building a democratic society but also for preventing the permanent split of the country and realising its reunification.

'NODONG SINMUN' FOCUSES ON STRENGTHENING PARTY CELLS

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2230 GMT 9 Jul 78 SK

[NODONG SINMUN 10 July editorial: "Let Us Further Enhance the Militant Capability of the Party Cells"]

[Text] Today the entire country is seething with the glorious and rewarding struggle to brilliantly greet the 30th anniversary of the found [words indistinct]. Our party members and working people who are infinitely loyal to the party and revolution are effecting new miracles and innovations in the 100-day battle and are firmly and vigorously advancing toward the great national festival day of September.

The 100-battle constitutes a very urgent and tense struggle to occupy a very high goal. To win victory in this difficult and complicated battle and to successfully carry out the grand Second Seven-Year Plan task, we must first of all further strengthen the party organizations at all levels and must, in particular, enhance in every aspect the militant functions and roles of the party cells. The firm strengthening of the party cells and the constant enhancement of their militant capability is an important policy for party building which our party has persistently pursued.

The party plays the role of a general staff in carrying out the resolution [words indistinct] and, therefore, must possess a militant capability and organizational ability to mobilize the masses. To smoothly perform this role, the party must have the party cells vigorously and actively take part in party activities. The party cells are the party's basic organizations deeply rooted among the masses. Our party is organized through these party cells. Only when the party cells' activities are vigorous and active can the entire party be filled with militant spirit and vitality. Only when all party cells become strong and mighty can our party become an invincible revolutionary one which under all circumstances, can lead revolution and construction to victory.

Without strong party cells, the party's leading role cannot be enhanced. To strengthen the party cells serves as an important basis for solidifying the party organizationally and ideologically and for enhancing its militant strength.

From the first day of the founding of our party, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song paid great attention to the strengthening of the party's basic organizations, illuminated all problems arising in enhancing the role of the party cells and taught in detail about party cell work and activities by personally visiting the cells of plants and rural villages.

Under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, our party cells today have become vigorous, vital and militant organizations which are deeply rooted among the party members and masses and which vigorously lead them. This is one of the most important successes attained in the construction of our party. Because of this success, our party has been able to demonstrate its ever-victorious might.

However, proceeding from the demand for the development of the party and the revolution, today our party has raised the problem of further enhancing the role and combat capability of the party cells. Today our party is faced with the sacred revolutionary mission of thoroughly dyeing the entire party with the chuche idea and of vigorously accelerating the implementation of the grand Second Seven-Year Plan task.

Today's reality, in which a new turning point is being effected in the development of the party and revolution and in which unprecedentedly heavy and vast revolutionary tasks have been assigned us, demands that the party members and working people more firmly rally around the party and that they more vigorously demonstrate their revolutionary zeal and creative activity. The success of this important work greatly depends upon how the party cells enhance their militant function and role.

Strengthening the militant capability of the party cells serves as a firm guarantee for successfully implementing the revolutionary task assigned by actively enhancing the voluntary zeal and initiative of the party members and working people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught: Success in the implementation of all our party's policies depends on the work of the party cells which instill the policies among the masses. Without the strengthening of party cells, our party cannot be strengthened and the revolutionary tasks cannot be successfully carried out.

Party cells, which always breathe and act together with the masses, are militant units which permeate the party policies among the masses and directly execute policies. Only when the party cells are active in their activities and properly carry out their organizational and political work can the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's plans and the party's intention be deeply permeated among the party members and working people, the revolutionary zeal and rich might of the party members and working people be unstintedly demonstrated and all work be aggressively pushed forward.

Reality shows that plants, enterprises and cooperative farms which have party cells with strong militant capability always enjoy a high struggle

spirit among the masses and constant upsurges in production. Brilliant victory in the 100-day battle, completion of the first year tasks of the new prospective plan a month or more ahead of schedule and the effecting of constant upsurges in socialist construction greatly depend on how properly the party cells carry out their work.

The enhancement of the militant function and role of the party cells is also important in revolutionizing party members and the masses, in more firmly rallying them around the party and in strengthening our party and the ranks of the revolution. The party cells are the foundation of the party life of party members. All party members lead their party lives by belonging to party cells. Therefore, the party life at a party cell is the basis of the party members' political and organizational life.

The party cell is a (? school) for revolutionizing party members. Only when party members are revolutionarily tempered in the blast furnace of organizational life through enhancement of the militant capability of the party cells can all party members become true revolutionaries firmly armed with the party's unitary ideological system. Only then can the unity and solidarity of our party become more invincible.

Party cells are important units where party activities are conducted among the masses and party work is directly conducted together with the masses. Only when party cells link themselves constantly in fraternal ties with the masses and aggressively conduct organizational and political work among the masses will it be possible for the broad masses to be firmly armed with the revolutionary ideology of the great leader Comrade Kim II—song and resolutely struggle to the end for victory in the revolutionary cause, following the party under all circumstances. If all secretaries and members of party cells properly carry out work with the masses as was done by the anti—Japanese guerrillas in the past anti—Japanese struggle days, when thousands of the masses were individually indoctrinated and organized into revolutionary ranks under difficult conditions, we can extraordinarily strengthen the party's might and more vigorously accelerate the cause of dyeing the entire society with the chuche idea.

The enhancement of the militant capability of the party cells is a principled requirement which should always be firmly grasped for the development of the party work. It is an important and urgent task which confronts us. This work is a rewarding task to strengthen our party and demonstrate its might and dignity. It is also important in accelerating revolutionizing the entire society and effecting constant revolutionary leaps in the implementation of the new prospective plan. Party organizations at all levels and their functionaries must constantly improve and strengthen party cell work by concentrating great effort on the work of enhancing the role of the party cells in conformity with the demands of the development of the reality, upholding the revolutionary policies of the party.

An important matter in enhancing the militant function and role of the party cells is, first of all, to effectively plan and organize organizational and political work aimed at thorough implementation of the party's policies, and to thoroughly carry out the revolutionary tasks assigned the party cells to the end. Party cell work which is inconsistent with the implementation of the economic task cannot exist. Proper party cell work is for the most part demonstrated by how properly economic work is carried out. To lead the party members to excellently carry out their assigned revolutionary tasks in a responsible and positive manner is a most important mission which secretaries of party cells should not neglect even for a moment.

Party cells should have party members thoroughly understand the party's economic policies and the combat tasks of their units, fully discuss with them how to implement these tasks and make strenuous efforts to have all functionaries and party members always carry out their basic revolutionary tasks. By conducting party life guidance in such a way as to closely link it with implementation of revolutionary tasks, party cells should have party members always cherish loyalty and revolutionary enthusiasm, creditably carry out the revolutionary tasks assigned them and unerringly accomplish the daily, monthly and quarterly tasks of the 100-day battle.

Party cell secretaries should not mind formalities. Rather they should be sufficiently creative to carry out their work in such a way as to fit the precise prevailing situation, and should actively carry out organizational and political work so that economic tasks are implemented.

The practical example set by party cell secretaries in always living and working together with the masses has an incomparably great effect in educating and mobilizing the masses. All party cell secretaries should be standard bearers and organizers who stand in the van of the masses and lead them to labor achievements in the 100-day battle. They should get involved in productive labor and stand ahead of others in undertaking difficult jobs. They should become examples and true mirrors in all aspects, such as economic management, technical innovation, the management of state affairs and study.

An important matter in enhancing the role of party cells is carrying out work with people in depth so as to nurture the masses as true communist revolutionaries and have them firmly rally around the party. Our party is a motherly party which assumes full responsibility for our people's livelihood today and their destinies tomorrow, and leads them toward the endlessly happy future of communism. Party cell secretaries have the honorable mission of taking charge of our party's terminal organs, directing party members and the masses and leading them along the single road of loyalty. Therefore, they should get rid of all tendencies to make party cell work businesslike, and should make it a political task to thoroughly change the people through education.

Firmly arming party members and working people with the party's unitary ideology is the top priority task of party cell work. This is the basis of the work of changing the party members and working people through education. Party cells should carry out in depth the work of arming party members and the working people with the respected and beloved leader's great revolutionary ideology and the party policies which are its embodiment, so as to nurture them as enthusiastic chuche revolutionaries.

To carry out this work with people well, the first thing to be done is to know the people well. Like the political functionaries and commanders of the Korean people's revolutionary army, who mingled with the army members and knew their minds as if reading their palms, party cell secretaries should mingle with party members and the masses and clearly know how they fare and what they think. By so doing, they should plan educational work in such a way as to fit each person's idiosyncrasies, and deal with party members' demands and complaints in a timely manner so that they might trust and follow the party and work with great enthusiasm.

Party cell secretaries should abound in humanity and culture in their daily lives and should care greatly, about principles in carrying out their work. They should be true revolutionary comrades who always warmly awaken party members and assume responsibility for their political lives to the last.

Party cell secretaries should firmly establish a revolutionary concept of the masses, always mingle with the masses and maintain a close relationship with them, take good care of party members and working people in the spirit of being their mothers, and always behave humbly and simply.

Party cells should push ahead with the work of nurturing functionaries and party members as enthusiastic political activists, and should enhance their role of standing in the van to broadly educate the masses.

Establishing an ethos by which party members carry on a self-aware party life is a major way to enhance the combat capability of party cells. To make party cells vigorous and vital combat organs, party cell members should act as one, following party life regulations. This can be successfully realized only by strengthening party cell life.

Party organizational life is a party member's political life. Taking part in party organizational life as members of the proud Korean Worker's Party founded and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is the great honor and pride of our functionaries and party members. All party members should actively take part in party cell activity and party life with self-awareness and sincerity, in accordance with the demands of party rules and party life regulations. Party cells should have functionaries and party members possess a correct stand and view toward party cell life and actively take part in all party cell activities including party meetings, party study sessions and party life reports, and should make their organizational and ideological life regular and habitual.

When party cell secretaries, who are to lead others, fail to set an example in organizational and ideological life, they cannot properly guide the party members' party life. Party cell secretaries should actively take part in party life, be exemplary in their organizational and ideological lives and constantly test and revolutionize themselves under the control of the masses of party members.

In enhancing the combat capability of party cells, it is very important for party organizations at all levels to pay attention to the matter of guiding and helping in party cell work. The masters of the party cells are the cell secretaries. Success in work of a party cell depends on the party cell secretary's political and ideological preparedness and ability. County party committees and primary party organizations should put effort into work with party cell secretaries and, through meetings, lectures and on-the-job training, steadily work to raise their political and ideological standards and work capability.

When functionaries of higher level party organizations visit lower level organizations, they should not fail to meet with party cell secretaries and teach them about party work methods and styles. County party committees and primary party organizations should always take a look at how functionaries and party members in party cells implement economic tasks and how they organize political life, and should guide them to work evenhandedly.

The position of party cells in our party is very important, and party cell secretaries are the party's core force in charge of these basic organs. The party expects much of party cell secretaries. By cherishing loyalty to the party to the last, doing cell work well and enhancing in every way the militant function and role of party cells, all party secretaries should further strengthen our party and vigorously accelerate the struggle to implement the new prospective plan.

DPRK DAILY URGES FULL USE OF INDUSTRIAL BASE

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2230 GMT 6 Jul 78 SK

[NODONG SINMUN 7 July editorial: "Let Us Operate Equipment and Machinery at Full Capacity for Victory in the 100-Day Battle"]

[Text] Amidst the fierce flames of the 100-day battle, workers of various sectors of the people's economy, including the power, extractive and basic construction industries, have fulfilled the goal for the first half of the year ahead of schedule and are continuously advancing and marking innovations. This clearly reflects our people's ardent patriotism and revolutionary spirit of further embellishing the past 30-year history in which, under the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's wise leadership and upholding the flag of the republic, they have performed miracles and marked epochal turning points.

In order to attain proud victory in today's magnificant struggle to embellish the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic as a grand festival of chollima Korea, we should operate every piece of equipment and machinery at full capacity, and should place production on the right track by vigorously struggling to effectively utilize the economic foundation which the industrial sector has already established.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught: Vigorously struggling to fully display production capability of existing plants, all industrial sectors should operate equipment at full capacity, place production on the right track and further increase labor production efficiency, so that they can surely overfulfill the goals assigned them this year.

Effectively utilizing the existing production foundation and operating equipment at full capacity is one of the basic requirements for proper management and operation of the socialist industry, and is an important factor guaranteeing rapid production growth. Today the size of our industry is very great, and the technical level of industry is also very high. In particular, with the realization of vast basic construction during the past six-year plan period, the country's raw material, fuel and industrial bases have been strengthened, and many plants and enterprises

have been constructed and expanded. Amidst the flames of the three revolutions, automation and semi-automation of production processes have been extensively realized and the material and technical foundations have been matchlessly strengthened for self-reliance. If we effectively utilize this mighty economic foundation and correctly mobilize this production potential, we will be able to greatly increase present production and improve the people's living standard.

In order to fully display the capacity of the existing economic foundation, we should operate equipment at full capacity so as to increase its efficiency. With the full operation of all equipment so as to increase efficiency, we can fully demonstrate the might of the existing self-reliant socialist economy, realize the country's endless prosperity and provide the people with a more independent and creative life.

The 100-day battle waged today in all units and sectors of the people's economy urgently demands that machinery—a basic key to production—should be more effectively utilized. When we operate every piece of equipment and machinery at full capacity so as to increase efficiency, we can successfully carry out the vast task of the 100-day battle by continuously placing production on the right track, fulfill the goal of the industrial sector for this year far ahead of schedule and mark great progress in implementing the Second Seven-Year Plan.

Indeed, operating every piece of equipment and machinery at full capacity at plants and enterprises is a glorious struggle for marking a greater upsurge in implementing the new prospective plan by fully demonstrating the might of the existing economic foundation. This is also a rewarding struggle to guarantee the country's economic might and our people's happy life.

All party members and workers of the industrial sector, upholding the party central committee's letter to all party members, should place production on the right track so as to attain victory in the 100-day battle by taking good care of equipment. Functionaries and the working class of the power and extractive industry sectors, on which we should concentrate our major efforts, should infallibly fulfill daily, monthly and quarterly goals for the production of coal, minerals and electricity during the 100-day battle period by thoroughly taking measures for the proper utilization of power generation and extractive equipment. Other industrial sectors, including the metallurgical and chemical sectors, should fully display their production capability by operating various industrial furnaces, machinery and chemical equipment at full capacity.

At the same time, the transportation sector—the forerunner of the people's economy and the country's artery—including the railway sector, should transport raw materials and fuel to each plant and enterprise in a timely manner by fully utilizing all transportation means, including rolling stock.

Correctly organizing and carrying out the work of taking good care of equipment is a prerequisite to continuously operating all equipment at full capacity. If we pay little attention to taking good care of equipment on the grounds that the tasks of the 100-day battle are vast and that impending production is urgent, we will never be able to gain good production results. Functionaries and workers of all plants and enterprises should deeply realize that taking good care of equipment is a basic factor in operating every piece of equipment and machinery at full capacity, and should correctly organize and carry out the work of inspecting and maintaining equipment even in circumstances in which a fierce struggle is being waged for produc-To this end, they should enhance the role of the tool shops tion increases. and should carry out maintenance work on equipment in a planned manner, with abundant provision of spare parts. Thus they should ensure that not even a piece of equipment is left idle and that every piece of equipment is being operated at full capacity.

The masters of equipment are the mechanics themselves. All mechanics who handle and take care of equipment should carefully handle and love their equipment and machinery as if it were their eyes, with awareness of being masters of the revolution. By assiduously studying techniques and thus familiarizing themselves with the equipment, they should operate equipment in accordance with standard operating methods and technical regulations. In addition, in cooperation with technicians they should continuously carry out the work of technically remodeling equipment so as to increase its efficiency to the maximum.

Adequately supplying raw materials and fuel in accordance with the Taean work system is an important requirement for increasing utilization of existing equipment and for victory in the 100-day battle. However excellent the existing equipment may be, we cannot operate it at full capacity without an adequate supply of raw materials and fuel. Functionaries of the materiel supply sector should further strive to supply raw materials and fuel to the respective (?railway stations) by type, size and quality in accordance with the Taean work system. At the same time, all workers should thoroughly realize the party's demand for better quality and increased production with available equipment, materials and labor by vigorously struggling to effectively utilize raw materials.

Success or failure in fully and effectively utilizing existing equipment greatly depends on how guidance functionaries organize organizational work. Guidance functionaries of all plants and enterprises should deeply realize the importance of their role in the 100-day battle, and should take measures in a revolutionary manner to continuously operate all equipment at full capacity on the basis of an hourly and daily grasp of the overall status of production and a concrete grasp of the operation of equipment. They should closely mesh related production processes by reinforcing the segments which are found to be weak.

In particular, functionaries should deeply mingle with the workers, work with them, actively assist them so as to help them operate their equipment and fully utilize their capabilities and solve difficult problems on time.

Party functionaries and three revolutions team members at plants and enterprises should deeply mingle with the producing masses and carry out in a fresh manner the organizational and political work of closely explaining the significance and importance of taking good care of equipment in guaranteeing victory in the 100-day battle, so that they can help all persons concerned mark a continuous upsurge in production by effectively utilizing existing equipment.

DPRK DAILY CALLS FOR IMPROVED EDUCATION

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2230 GMT 7 Jul 78 SK

[NODONG SINMUN 8 July editorial: "Let Us More Vigorously Push Ahead With Socialist Education Work"]

[Text] Education work in our country is developing to a higher level, following the rays of the "Thesis on socialist education." With an all-out advance movement being pursued to implement the new prospective plan, holding high the Party Central Committee's letter to all party members, it is required that education work be more vigorously pushed forward, and in particular that the quality of education be decisively raised.

With a most advanced education system firmly established in our country under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, everyone enjoys free education. Thanks to the implementation of universal 11-year compulsory education, a million-strong army of intellectuals has been produced, and working people possess the cultural and technical level of middle school graduates and actively participate in socialist construction.

With the "Thesis on socialist education" unfurled on this land once dominated by ignorance and (?illiteracy), our fatherland is now highly praised as a country of education in which all the people study. Great successes have been achieved in education work. However, we should not be taken by the successes. Rather we should continue to develop education work so as to glorify our fatherland's honor and perform better in revolution and construction. Ahead of our party and people lies the very weighty revolutionary duty of accelerating the chuche-orientation, modernization and scientification of the national economy in accordance with the grand program of the new prospective plan. This task is difficult and complex, and demands that education work be carried out better.

All sectors and units of the national economy demand more builders of socialism who possess a high level of knowledge and technology, capable revolutionary persons who can correctly manage the economy. When the

struggle to raise the quality of education is further strengthened, we can mark turning points in nurturing the new generation as reliable workers for communist construction and in training national cadres, and the cultural and technical level of all members of the society can be further raised.

It has been our party's consistent policy to put all-party and all-nation efforts into education work so as to develop it and endlessly raise the quality of education in conformity with the maturing demands of the revolution. Cherished in our party's policy on further developing education work is the grand design of further deepening the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—so as to brilliantly implement the Second Seven—Year Plan and further hasten the complete victory of socialism and the reunification of the fatherland.

A basic key to enhancing the quality of education and marking a turning point in education work lies in thoroughly implementing the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classic work "Thesis on socialist education." The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows: The correctness of our party's educational policy has been clearly proven in real life.

By thoroughly implementing the "thesis on socialist education," in which our party's educational policy is compiled, we will score brilliant victories in education work. This thesis shines with the great chuche idea, and is a programmatic guideline giving answers to all theoretical and practical problems in socialist education. It is a brilliant blueprint for nurturing communist revolutionary persons. All functionaries and working people should continue to study the educational thesis, arm themselves with the precepts, theories and policies contained therein, and study and work in accordance with its demands. In all sectors, including the educational sector, study of the educational thesis should be steadily carried out in such a way as to suit the reality facing each sector, linked with practice. Methods of implementing the tasks of the thesis should be found, and once found should be thoroughly transformed into action.

To follow the path illuminated by the "Thesis on socialist education" and mark a new turning point in education work, pre-school education, school education and adult education should be correctly carried out. To revolutionize, working classize and communize all members of society in conformity with the basic principles of socialise education and make them steadily tread the single road of loyalty all their lives, study should continue from when they are young to when they grow old.

All kindergartens must properly conduct the education required for intellectual development while placing emphasis on indoctrination in revolutionary ideology and morality and making pre-school education a preparation for regular school education as delineated by the education thesis. In particular, by reinforcing kindergarten work, they must soundly implement 1-year pre-school compulsory education.

By properly implementing universal 11-year compulsory education, all educational organizations must provide an excellent education to youths and children and thus nurture the new generation as chuche-oriented communists possessing a firm world revolutionary outlook equipped with modern science and technology. At the same time, all units must reinforce adult education. Thus they must ceaselessly broaden the general knowledge and upgrade the cultural and technical level of the working people.

To decisively upgrade the quality of education, the normal education sector must reinforce the work of nurturing teachers. Teachers colleges are (?headquarters) for the education of future generations. Teachers colleges must be attended by good students, and must be fully equipped with research and experimental instruments and facilities. The indoctrination level of faculty members of these colleges must be epochally upgraded.

The basic duty of students is to study hard. All schools must thoroughly establish among students the spirit of studying hard, and must motivate them to broaden their knowledge. They must also reinforce communist moral indoctrination among the students.

It is important to properly mesh school education with social education. We must further enhance the responsibility and role of social indoctrination organizations of all echelons, properly organize social indoctrination establishments such as student-children palaces, student-children halls, juvenile corps camps and libraries, and thus properly organize the extracurricular activities of students. At the same time, parents must provide good education and indoctrination to their children by properly conducting home education.

Party and state guidance over the higher education sector must be properly conducted. Thus we must nurture many revolutionary elites who have a firm world revolutionary outlook and are equipped with a profound knowledge of specialized fields.

By reinforcing political and ideological indoctrination work among students and qualitatively conducting (?natural science education), the higher education sector must make students actively contribute to economic development and the technical revolution of the nation. Colleges must reinforce their curriculums with modern science and technology and rapidly expand the scale of nurturing technicians in such fields as machine engineering, electronics engineering, agribiology and food technology.

In compliance with the demand to intellectualize the entire society, we must implement compulsory higher education in due time, while placing emphasis on the qualitative implementation of universal 11-year compulsory education. In this reagrd, we must reinforce on-the-job education systems such as plant colleges, and more fully demonstrate the superiority of such systems during the period of the new prospective plan. In particular, we must more properly organize plant colleges and ceaselessly improve the curriculum of those colleges.

In properly implementing socialist education work, it is important to consolidate state and social support. With a correct view of education work and ardent zeal to pave the road for the future of the revolution, all functionaries and working people must unstintingly give full and sincere support to education work. Thus they must provide excellent research and experimental instruments and educational conditions for schools.

All party organizations and functionaries must firmly establish the unitary ideological system of the party in the educational field and develop our socialist education as a thoroughly party-oriented and working-class education, considering the work of implementing the education thesis an important party task and pushing ahead with it. At the same time, they must always thoroughly embody the basic principles of socialist education in educational work, give correct guidance so that the education policy of the party is correctly implemented, properly conduct work with teachers and students and urge society to pay more attention to education work.

Today, marking a new, epochal turning point in educational work is a glorious task of fully implementing the great educational concept of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song and attaining the high goals of the 100-day battle and the magnificent heights of the new prospective plan. Upholding the great education thesis, let us win greater victories in socialist education work and vigorously accelerate socialist and communist construction.

DPRK DAILY URGES SELF-RELIANCE IN ECONOMIC STRIVING

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2230 GMT 5 Jul 78 SK

[NODONG SINMUN 6 July editorial: "Let Us Wave High the Banher of Self-reliance on all Battlefields"]

[Text] The 100-day battle which is bringing glory to the history of the republic with new exploits, is daily reaching a higher stage. The flames of creation and innovations are vigorously spreading over all sectors, including production, construction, education and culture. To greet the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic as a grand, victorious festival, we should further accelerate the advance of the 100-day battle and vigorously struggle to carry out socialist construction, with all units and sectors upholding the revolutionary banner of self-reliance. The great leader Comrade Kim II-song taught as follows: We should march holding high the slogan, "Let us display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in all sectors and units of the people's economy."

Self-reliance is a unique ideological and spiritual characteristic of communistic revolutionists who take as a principle the fulfillment of revolution and construction through their own endeavors. Many difficult and complicated tasks lie in the path of achieving the revolution. The great tasks of socialism and communism will not be easily attained. Revolutionaries should possess steadfast will and resolute revolutionary spirit to develop their fate through their own effort and responsibility so as to ceaselessly advance the revolution and construction and brilliantly carry out their tasks—no matter how difficult and large they may be.

Self-reliance is a traditional revolutionary spirit demonstrated among the Korean communists and people during all the revolutionary struggles and is a spirit based on our people's heroic temperament. The entire course of the revolution in Korea has been unprecedentedly arduous and complex. Our people always had to struggle against the atrocious imperialist enemies through their own strength and to blaze unexplored and rugged paths.

Even in the postwar days when everything was burned to ashes, our people mounted a struggle--relying on their own strength. With this indomitable spirit our people steadfastly pursued the path of revolution and victoriously occupied the heights of socialism. The economic foundation of our nation, which has developed today as an independent industrial socialist nation under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, is incomparably more powerful than in the past and our productive potentials are enormous.

Today we have political and ideological power and a material foundation with which we can occupy any heights, no matter how high they may be. If all the functionaries and workers demonstrate, in these advantageous circumstances, the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance as they did in the past, production and construction can be accelerated many-fold, and chuche orientation, modernization and scientification of the people's economy will be attained more rapidly—no matter how difficult and enormous the tasks that may lie ahead.

The targets for the 100-day battle we are presently waging are very high. Thus, all the party members and workers must struggle more vigorously and resolutely than ever before. The experience of achieving the first half-year targets far ahead of schedule by the units which scored outstanding successes from the first day of the 100-day battle, shows that production can be accelerated with surprising speed and that productive zeal can emerge everywhere when the workers of the plants, offices and workshops unanimously rise in production, upholding the slogan of self-reliance. All the party members and workers should become pacesetters in the worthwhile battle to achieve self-reliance. One who can today be termed loyal to the party and revolution, the fatherland and people is none other than one who responsively carries out to the last the revolutionary mission assigned by the party-displaying the spirit of self-reliance.

The working units we call battle units are none other than the plants and workshops which infallibly implement the militant tasks, upholding the banner of self-reliance. All fighters of the plants and workshops should add luster to the history of our people's self-reliance with new miracles and exploits by actively struggling to fulfill this glorious mission. The spirit of self-reliance, which demands invincible fighting spirit, faith and constant creativity, is an invincible revolutionary spirit which has led the Korean revolution to constant upsurges, and is a creative principle which opened a new era for everlasting national prosperity.

Such solid revolutionary spirit which overflowed in the Paekdu forests in the past constitutes a great revolutionary guidance which has changed our fatherland, which had lost its luster, into a strong, socialist nation which is independent, self-reliant and self-defensible, and which has embellished the history of our nation's socialist construction with heroic events and miracles.

Now, with the program for grand economic construction which is unprecedented in the thousands of years of our fatherland's history, is the very time when we should display the strong spirit of the chuche Korea which is always grandly advanced, holding aloft the banner of self-reliance and our people's examples. On this worthy road of struggle the foundation of the nation's self-reliant national economy will be further strengthened and our republic's sovereignty and prestige will more brilliantly shine.

Let us more highly display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance. To make this revolutionary slogan more prominent on all battlefields is an important work for the party organizations, concentrating all strength, to push forward, party organizations at all levels should aggressively advance the work of more firmly arming party members and working people with the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

Party organizations should instill the chuche ideology in workers, along with revolutionary practices, so as to make them deeply understand the history of self-reliance that our party and people have traversed. Thus, they should continuously motive the workers to create miracles and exploits. In particular, party cells—our party's basic organizations—by elevating their militant function and adjusting organizational political work, should help functionaries responsibly and creatively carry out their revolutionary tasks and should help them respond to the demands of self-reliance in their daily practice and life.

The revolutionary spirit of self-reliance is a sublime revolutionary spirit of unconditionally accepting the instructions by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the party policy, which is the embodiment of these instructions, and of struggling and advancing by all means for the implementation of the said instructions and policy. The instructions by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and their embodiment in party policy are the firm, guiding compass enabling our people to successfully advance revolution and construction by themselves. Without these, there can be no progress. If there is the zeal and will to infallibly accomplish the party's line and policy, all will be solved and accomplished.

Those who do not complain about conditions and infallibly carry out the party's policies are the people who have a lofty spirit of self-reliance, stand on the firm system of the party's unique ideology and are loyal to the party and revolution.

If we struggle with the spirit with which the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters in past were able to produce homemade munitions by thoroughly implementing without delay the instructions and orders of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, we will be able to produce anything in today's advantageous conditions and score accomplishments in all sectors of the national economy.

Functionaries and workers should deeply study the instructions of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and party policy, thus making these their firm beliefs, and they should exert all their energy and wisdom for the struggle to implement the leader's instructions.

Thus, they should further strengthen our republic's chuche concept and bring about brilliant results for the party's lines and policies. Lofty responsibility and creativity in implementing the assigned revolutionary tasks in a manner worthy of masters are important expressions of self-reliance.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught: As we have always indicated, instead of sitting idle waiting for things to do, revolutionaries should develop the habit of looking for work to perform.

Our party's chuche ideology requires that functionaries and workers should assume a lofty creative attitude and that they should work in a sincere manner worthy of masters. In particular, functionaries should set examples in displaying such a revolutionary spirit.

The sincere attitude of our functionaries—members of leading circles who are directly in charge of the execution of the party line and policy—should be displayed in carrying out more work for the party, for the working class and for the people. The chuche—type revolutionaries' workstyle does not have any connection with the empirical workstyle of only carrying out the impending work without closely studying it. With this attitude we cannot fulfill the weighty responsibility of being in command. It is rewarding and glorious for our functionaries to organize all work with initiative and in a creative manner, so that they can do more and display the spirit of positiveness and enthusiasm for work in fulfilling assigned missions.

All functionaries should closely study their work, should find work to do, and should vigorously carry out all work in a voluntary manner, so that they can satisfactorily fulfill their honorable mission as revolutionary fighters and as people's faithful servants who are in charge of the important revolutionary outposts which have been assigned them by the party.

It is a manifestation of the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance for our people to continuously and vigorously advance toward a new victory with a vigorous fighting spirit, with an invincible will and with confidence in certain victory. Self-satisfaction, indolence and idleness cannot be permitted for revolutionaries who are trying to create new things and to advance. For our party members and workers who are advancing toward the republic's endless development and prosperity and toward a bright future there are only struggle, advance and social innovation.

The key to victory in today's battle is to rapidly accelerate the advance. If all functionaries and workers advance with the fighting spirit of their predecessors who founded the socialist industrial nation upon ashes in the difficult postwar time by doubling and tripling what others did, there will be no fortress which we cannot occupy.

Party members and workers of all sectors of the people's economy, including those of the extractive industry on which major efforts should be concentrated, by holding in their hearts the revolutionary slogan: "Let us carry out production and study and live our daily lives in accordance with the [words indistinct] anti-Japanese guerrilla units" should courageously overcome difficulties they encounter, should carry out work in a bold manner, should create a new chollima speed, and should double and triple what others do.

We have strong scientific and technological forces. If we further enhance their role, we can greatly accelerate the advance on all socialist construction fronts. By exerting more efforts with the enthusiasm and spirit with which we established the foundation for chuche science on an empty land, scientists and technicians will be able to perform exploits in accelerating the work of making the people's economy chuche-oriented, modern and scientific.

The revolutionary spirit of self-reliance is embodied in a passionage love for the country and people, and in the patriotic spirit of devoting all energy to the country's development and prosperity.

The key to the correct and frugal running of state affairs in all sectors and to the strengthening of the struggle for economization, is to highly display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance. The economic foundation and production potential which have been provided by our people through hard work, are a precious asset for the country's development and prosperity. If we fully and effectively utilize this, we can further accelerate production and construction, thus further improving the people's living standard.

Upholding the slogan: "Let us increasingly economize on materials," party members and workers should fully economize in regard to even one piece of machinery, a watt of electricity or piece of coal, so as to make these things correctly serve their intended purpose.

While increasing production with available labor, equipment and materials, we should guarantee the quality of products at the highest standard.

All workers should display a sincere and ardent patriotism—whether in manufacturing a bolt, or in manufacturing people's consumer goods, driving piles and building houses. Thus they can serve their socialist fatherland and fully demonstrate the Korean people's correct and frugal workstyle.

Highly displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance is the most noble struggle in developing and strengthening our socialist country—the chuche fatherland founded and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song, devoting all energy and wisdom to this rewarding struggle is our functionaries' and workers' great glory and pride.

By upholding the Party Central Committee's letter and by further firmly adhering to the revolutionary slogan of self-reliance, we should again

vigorously display our people's revolutionary spirit of following the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's wise leadership, and should brilliantly accomplish the chuche revolutionary cause.

Let all firmly unite around the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, hoist high the banner of self-reliance and more vigorously advance toward the height of the new prospective plan, so as to expedite fatherland reunification and the complete victory of socialism.

PARTY PAPER EXHORTS FUNCTIONARIES TO GUIDE FACTORY WORK

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 13 May 78 p 1

[Editorial: "Let Functionaries Go Deeply Among the Working Classes To Guide Factory Work Nicely and Help"]

[Text] Vigorously pushing forward the struggle to realize the grand program of the Second Seven-Year Plan laid out by the great leader Comrade Kim Ilsong is an important and glorious task facing our party organizations and functionaries today.

In order to carry out this task shiningly, party organizations must, above all else, give help to factories and vigorously carry out organizational political work among the working classes.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught:

"Provincial parties must first of all get a firm grasp on factory party committees. That the provincial party committees must get a firm grasp on industry ultimately means that the provincial parties motivate factory party committees nicely to insure production." (Kim Il-song Selected Works, vol 3, p 368)

Industry is one of the two major sectors of the people's economy and is the basic front of the new long-range plan. More than anyone else, the working classes must swarm and make the flames of innovation burn strongly in order to spread widely the wings of flight in all sectors and to advance overall socialist construction more rapidly. An important key to successfully executing the grand new long-range plan lies in our functionaries' better guiding and helping factory work and doing nicely work with the working classes.

Placing primary effort on getting a firm grasp on industry and on work with the working classes is an important guideline and activity principle held consistently by our party. Our party is the party of the working classes which is rooted in the working classes and which leads the working classes to realize the cause of socialism and communism. The working classes form the main force-unit and the main reserve of the party.

Party organizations and functionaries must go deeply into the factories and do work with the working classes nicely in order to be able to solidify our party's class fortress, strengthen its power in all areas and vigorously further revolution and construction. Thus always going in deeply among the working classes to awaken, unite and call them forth will become an activity style and a work attitude which our party functionaries must never violate.

For functionaries to show their faces more in factories and strengthen work with the working classes is a realistic requirement of our revolutionary development which has realized socialist industrialization.

As the result of the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the shining realization of socialist industrialization, all our provinces and counties, our whole country, are covered with large and small factories and enterprises, and the ranks of our working classes are continuously increasing. This new environment urgently requires that province, city and county party committees and functionaries give proper help to and guide factories and further strengthen work with the working classes.

Our working classes are the most revolutionary and progressive classes and form battle ranks endlessly faithful to the revolution and the party. They are powerful revolutionaries who have been tested and tempered in difficult struggles and severe tests, and they are riders of struggle who know best the true meaning of party policy and who fight on regardless of fire or water to protect and fulfill that policy.

If our functionaties only go deeply in among the working classes as ardent propagandists of party policy and as thorough organizational executors to plant party policy deep in the working classes' hearts and vigorously call forth the worker masses, we can create endless miracles and heroic exploits and shiningly carry out even the most difficult and large tasks of socialist construction.

By believing firmly in the strength of the working classes and organizing and mobilizing them to overcome every problem and difficulty, our party achieved great victories with every step during the previous period. It was with the wise leadership of our party, which always breathes with the working classes and calls them forth to the utmost to high revolutionary ardor and infinite creativity, that the history of socialist construction in our country was brilliantly engraved with a great heroic epic even in the midst of accumulated difficulties and trials.

The clearing of the path of self-dependent economic construction in the empty land after liberation, the astounding miracle of building a socialist industrial state on ash heaps in only 10 years after the war, and the shining victories in the battle for socialist construction along with the proud successes successively achieved in the first year's battle of the new long-range plan show clearly the inexhaustible strength and revolutionary spirit of our heroic working classes, who fight on stoutly united around the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Now the revolutionary fervor of our working classes is very high and their resolve to be fully faithful to the party and the revolution is remarkably high. If we can make these revolutionary battle ranks overflow with even more vigorous fighting spirit and ambition there is nothing in this world that we cannot do.

The working classes are the leader classes of our revolution and form an example for the revolutionization and labor classization of the whole society. Therefore, first of all we must lend our efforts to indoctrinating the working classes to making them into more revolutionary and cultural classes and we must strengthen the leadership role and the revolutionary function of the working classes continuously in all areas of social life.

Functionaries must go deeply among the working classes and breathe and work with them if they are to learn the revolutionary nature and organizational nature, the fighting spirit and the devotion of the working classes and revolutionize themselves, and if they are to acquire the living and valuable knowledge and the abundant experience of the producer masses.

That all functionaries go deeply among the working classes to better guide, help and lead factory work is indeed an important task for improving and strengthening the work of each level of party organizations to fit the character and the mission of our party and the requirements of the new environment; it is a useful work for solidifying the party and the revolutionary ranks and for more vigorously furthering socialist construction.

All party functionaries and administrative-economic functionaries of province, city and county must bear in mind the importance of this work and go deeply among the working classes to bring about a new transformation in better guiding and helping factory work according to the requirements of the great Chongsan-ri method.

The most important thing here is that all functionaries, including responsible functionaries, bear deeply in their hearts the party's consistent guideline about going deeply among the working classes and thoroughly institutionalize and make a part of their lives the always going down to the factories to breathe and work with the workers.

Functionaries must go directly down to the machines and the underground working faces, in front of the blast furnaces and to the construction sites to sweat and work and mix with the workers in order to know well all realities including production and to help and guide factory work substantially. If when going down to the factories, functionaries meet and work only with a few other functionaries, there is no benefit to be gained from going down, and functionaries can give no real help to improving factory work.

All the functionaries of appropriate units must always place first work with the working classes and go into the factories to meet a broad range of workers, and they must make it a firm rule of activity to work and live with them.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song has firmly trusted our working classes and has always turned first to the working classes when difficult or huge tasks presented themselves or when trials came up on the forward path of the party and the revolution, calling them forth to pierce through the difficulties which had been created. All functionaries must follow and learn actively the revolutionary leadership method and style exemplified by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim II-song and must realize them as they are. In particular, responsible province, city and county party functionaries must grasp and guide agriculture through responsible functionaries of the rural economy sector while getting a direct grasp on industry and going down to the factories more often than anyone else to understand concretely, help nicely and lead factory party work.

Knowing well factory realities and calling forth vigorously the working classes to bring about ceaseless productive upsurges is an important problem to which primary concern must be devoted in having functionaries go down to the factories to do work.

The purpose of party guidance for factories is to help the lower levels substantially and resolve knotty problems in order that we can bring about revolutionary upsurges in production and construction. Thus when province, city and county party committee functionaries go down to the factories, they must not work in the fashion of questioning production figures or the like, but rather must work on raising production from the standpoint of sharing responsibility for production with factory functionaries, and they must closely and carefully plan and organize organizational political work.

Party functionaries must work with party cell secretaries, workers and technicians while digging deeply into and concretely understanding and grasping factory party work and the realities and production processes of the factories and enterprises; they must participate in party meetings and directly carry out actively varied mass political work such as stirring speeches and agitation in order to responsibly solve difficult problems.

Thus they must bring about innovations at every battle site and they must see that the daily, monthly, period and index plans are carried out flaw-lessly in every unit and at every guardpost. Functionaries must vigorously push forth the chuche transformation, modernization and scientific transformation of the people's economy by lending their ears to the voice of the workers and unstintingly mobilizing the intelligence and talents of workers and technicians to carry out a mass technical innovation movement vigorously.

One important duty of functionaries who have gone down to the factories is to set up thoroughly the Taean work system in factories and enterprises and to provide guidance nicely so that they can do economic management according to the requirements of the system.

The Taean work system prepared by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is a most superior chuche economic management system which administers and manages the economy scientifically and rationally and leads production down the path of continuous upsurges.

Guidance functionaries must solidly establish chuche economic management systems and orders according to the requirements of the Taean system and rely on the creative intelligences and strength of the producer masses to solve all problems; they must substantially provide scientific and technological guidance concerning production and help and lead so as to regularize and standardize thoroughly enterprise management. At the same time, they must have the factory and enterprise responsible functionaries get a grasp on planning work and have them thoroughly fulfill our party's guideline for the unification and detailization of planning.

Functionaries who have gone in among the working classes must make sure that the party's concern better reaches all workers and that the workers devote all their intelligence and strength to carrying out the duties assigned to them by devoting deep concern to the workers' work and rest conditions and daily lives, providing timely solutions to their problems and needs and warmly and carefully looking after then with motherly feeling.

Responsible functionaries must step to the front and provide a model in going down deeply among the working people to teach lower functionaries and substantially help factory work. Responsible functionaries from party committees of each level must go down to the factories with concrete work designs and methodologies to help factory party work responsibly and nicely, and they must put their shoulders into it first at every difficult and strenuous corner while displaying the model of leading by example. In particular, they must grasp and push forth the full range of factory party work for the fulfillment of party policy, and they must work in the style of sowing and reaping with their own hands along with the factory party functionaries.

It is important that functionaries raise their work level and capability one more level if they are to go deeply among the working classes and help factory work nicely. Enhancing the talent of the cadre for political work is a prerequisite for bringing about a revolutionary transformation in current factory guidance work.

The basis for increasing the talent of functionaries and making them fully versed in industrial sector work lies in arming them stoutly with the teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and their embodiment, party policy.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught:

"If one knows party policy well, one can confidently analyze and handle all problems and can lead the broad masses correctly." (Kim Il-song Selected Works, vol 2, p 531)

All functionaries must place the study of party policy first and must carry out widely and deeply work for studying and learning the works and teachings of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim II-song and the industrial policy of our party. Thus they must have higher policy vision and a broader field of vision than anyone else; they must measure and judge all problems with party policy as their yardstick; and they must prepare themselves as true functionaries who go forth handling the problems.

Functionaries must also have deep economic knowledge and scientific skill. Our industrial production has now achieved a very high level of technical process. Today, when our factories' technological facilities have been much strengthened and production is carried out on a high foundation of scientific skill, if guidance functionaries are not versed in economic knowledge and have low scientific skill levels, they cannot well understand the production process and enterprise management realities of factories and they cannot establish correct measures or have any say in the guidance of factory work.

All administrative-economic functionaries and party functionaries must become ardent students to learn vigorously chuche economic theory and scientific and technological knowledge such as industrial management. Party organizations of each level must solidly establish a revolutionary study ethic among the functionaries, strengthen guidance and control of studying, and organize and carry out widely various kinds of work to teach them living knowledge and methods to enable them to go down to the factories and work.

In order to go among the working classes and better help factory work, the functionaries must know how to work with spirited, aggressive and militant methods and traits.

Party functionaries must thoroughly mobilize factory party organizations, party members and workers with party methods and political methods according to the great leader-style work method's requirements in order to do all work.

Functionaries must bravely, boldly and aggressively carry out all work with a constant lofty zeal and youthful spirit suiting the characteristics of our militant and revolutionary working classes and must display loftily the revolutionary trait of pushing to the end any work that they have begun.

There is nothing more glorious and satisfying to our functionaries than nicely guiding and helping factory work to bring about continuous miracles and innovations on the industrial front and making everything go well throughout the whole country to give happiness to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Let all functionaries uphold the fine teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and bring about a new transformation in going deeply among the working classes to guide and help factory work.

KOREANS IN JAPAN RECEIVE KIM QUAKE RELIEF FUNDS

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 7 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Jul (KCNA)—A meeting of compatriots in Miyagi Prefecture, Japan, for conveying the aid fund sent by the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots under the care of the great leader Marshal Kim Il—song to Korean earthquake victims in Japan was held on 2 July at the auditorium of the Miyagi Prefectural Headquarters of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

A portrait of the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il-song, the sun of the nation and tender-hearted father of the compatriots in Japan, was placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting place.

The meeting was attended by Yi Chin-kyu, vice chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongnyon; and the chairman of the Miyagi Prefectural Headquarters of Chongnyon and functionaries of Chongnyon and compatriots in the prefecture, more than 300 in all.

The meeting reverentially addressed a letter representing the ardent loyalty of the entire attendants to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

Vice Chairman Yi Chin-kyu made a speech for the occasion.

He said: The compatriots in Miyagi Prefecture and the entire compatriots in Japan are overwhelmed with boundless emotion and joy, hearing about the warm love and solicitude shown by the respected and beloved leader for the Korean earthquake victims.

He extended highest honor and deepest thanks, representing the loyalty of the entire compatriots in Japan, to the fatherly leader for his profound solicitude for the compatriots in Japan. At the meeting, the aid fund sent by the great leader to the earthquake-afflicted compatriots was conveyed to the chairman of the Miyagi Prefectural Headquarters of Chongryon amid thunderous applause of the entire attendants.

Then speeches were made.

Earlier, on 1 July a meeting of teachers and students of the Tohoku Korean primary, middle and high school was held to express thanks to the great leader for the aid fund and message of sympathy sent under his solicitude to the Korean earthquake victims in Japan through the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots.

DPRK DAILY EXTOLS REVOLUTION IN AFGHANISTAN

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1556 GMT 7 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Jul (KCNA)--Papers here today carry articles supporting revolutionary changes in Afghanistan.

In a signed article headlined "Revolutionary Changes in Afghanistan" NODONG SINMUN stresses that the Korean people warmly greet the victory of the Afghan people in the April revolution and express firm solidarity with their struggle for the building of a new society free from exploitation and oppression.

The article points out that the Afghan people, under the correct leadership of Nur Mohammad Taraki, chairman of the Revolutionary Council and prime minister of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, are now vigorously struggling to build a new society, firmly defending the gains of the revolution.

With the victory in the April revolution led by the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, the Afghan people freed themselves from the feudal exploitation and oppression and embarked upon the road of worthwhile struggle to build a new society, the article says, and continues:

After the victory of the revolution, the tasks of the democratic revolution for abolishing the feudal relations in all fields of politics, economy and culture are being successfully carried out in Afghanistan.

Pursuing the policy of neutrality and nonalinement in external relations, the Afghan Government is striving to develop friendly and cooperative relations with Asia, African and Latin American countries which struggle against imperialism and for independence.

These steps taken by the Afghan Government enjoy the full support and warm welcome of the broad working masses of Afghanistan. This is because the [words indistinct] policies of the present government are progressive and correct ones reflecting the will and interests of the people.

Revolutionary changes that are taking place in Afghanistan constitute an encouragement to the peoples of Asian countries and other developing countries who are advancing toward independence and socialism and make a great contribution to the cause of anti-imperialism and independence.

The Korean people sincerely wish the Afghan people greater success in their future struggle for building a new society free from exploitation and oppression.

The just cause of the Afghan people will surely be crowned with victory.

CAMBODIA'S POL POT FETES DPRK AMBASSADOR ON 4 JULY

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 GMT 8 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Jul (KCNA)--Pol Pot, secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Kampuchea, on 4 July arranged a banquet in honor of the ambassador and staffers of the DPRK Embassy in Phnom Penh and Korean technicians in Kampuchea on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle, according to a report.

Present at the banquet were Ieng Sary, deputy prime minister of the government of Democratic Kampuchea, and the chairman of the Industrial Committee, the chairman of the Foreign Trade Committee, the vice chairman of the Agricultural Committee, leading functionaries of the Foreign Ministry and personages concerned.

The banquet was addressed by Pol Pot, secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Kampuchea, and Kim Mun-hwan, DPRK Ambassador to Kampuchea.

In his speech secretary Pol Pot said: We join the Korean comrades-in-arms in greeting the day when Comrade President Kim Il-song, the great leader of the Korean people, put forward the political programme of national reunification and the international solidarity month for supporting the struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique and for the reunification of the country.

He stressed:

I declare once again that the Communist Party of Kampuchea, the government of Democratic Kampuchea and the entire Kampuchean people will always stand firm on the side of the workers party and government of Korea and the fraternal Korean people in the struggle against U.S. imperialism and for the country's reunification and unite and share bitters and sweets with them.

We share bitters and sweets not only in Kampuchea but also in all international activities and on all fronts in defence of the rest of the parties, governments and peoples of our two countries.

We take this opportunity to extend respectfully once again on behalf of our party, government and people, deep thanks to Comrade Kim Il-song, the wise, respected and beloved, great leader of the Korean people, who has shown deep concern for our people and our revolution in the period of the revolutionary struggle, in the period after the victory of the revolution and under any circumstances.

The attendants of the banquet drank toasts to the good health and long life of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song and to the good health and long life of Comrade Pol Pot, secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Kampuchea.

Prior to the banquet, Comrade Pol Pot received the ambassador and staffers of the DPRK Embassy and Korean technicians.

He said on the occasion:

The communist party, government and people of Kampuchea will always invariably stand firm in the future, too, on the side of the Workers Party, government and people of Korea as their comrades—in—arms.

We sincerely revere Comrade Kim Il-song, the great leader of the Korean people.

Because Comrade Kim Il-song is the greatest and noblest comrade-in-arms of our entire Kampuchean people.

He stressed that the visit of a party and government delegation of Democratic Kampuchea to Korea last year well showed the depth of friendship and solidarity between Kampuchea and Korea and he would always remember this.

The communist party, government and people of Kampuchea will continue to strive to consolidate and develop more excellently the militant friendship and solidarity with the Workers Party, government and people of Korea, he declared.

NEPALESE JOURNALISTS VISIT DPRK

Journalists Issue Anti-U.S. Month Statement

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0440 GMT 10 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 10 Jul (KCNA)—The editors and journalists of 10 leading daily and weekly newspapers of Nepal, who accompanied the Nepali Cultural Troupe on a visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, published a joint statement in Pyongyang on 7 July on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle.

It was signed by the chief editors of vernacular daily SWATANTRA SAMACHAR. Vernacular weekles "NAYA YUG, ASIALI AWAZ, CHARCHA, ARPAN, TARKA, JANA JAGRITI and RASTRA DHWANI and English daily HIMALI BELA and journalist of vernacular weekly BISWADOOT.

The statement said:

During our extensive tour of DPRK, we found: authority of the people is completely established in this country. Human dignity and human values are fully recognized and freedom of society in any case is no where less than of any other society of the world.

Society, free from exploitation in the DPRK is endorsed as anybody can visualise.

In developing their country industrially, agriculturally, socially and culturally, the Korean people under the able and wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song are far from "dogmatism." Here lies, to the true conviction of the Korean people correct and rational utilization of chuche idea and philosophy.

The joint statement expressed the firm belief that the gallant people of the DPRK do not want a war, but are not afraid of it.

It said that the three principles and five-point proposal advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for the reunification of Korea are a just call for the long cherished desire of the Korean people for a reunified country and they will certainly be realized.

It went on:

We, the members of the journalist delegation of Nepal, firmly stand by the call of the great leader for the peaceful reunification of Korea, as has been depicted in the three principles and five-point proposal. We also firmly stand by the call of the great leader that Korea must be reunified without any foreign intervention and withdrawal of all the foreign forces from South Korea must be carried out immediately.

Denouncing the imperialists splittist scheme to "divide and rule" the fatherland of the Korean people, it said: In this connection, we (?gave) our support to the call of the UN resolution passed by the General Assembly for the peaceful reunification of Korea.

We support the demand of the Korean people for immediate withdrawal of all foreign forces from South Korea, leaving the solution for the peaceful reunification of Korea entirely to the Korean people.

The statement said that both nations are the strong pillars of nonalined countries under the leadership of respective leaders of the two countries. Our ties of friendship and fraternity will grow and strengthen more and more in the future we believe.

After denouncing the splitting policy of the South Korean rulers, the statement said:

Some of the ruling authorities are engaged in a malicious propaganda to subdue the dignified life of the people of the DPRK. We the journalists of Nepal take a pledge to wage war against such nasty propaganda.

At the end we would like to salute the beloved and great leader of the entire Korean people Comrade Kim Il-song who has made and led the DPRK to a magnificent country more than of any standard of a developing country in the world, the statement said.

Journalists Depart

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0400 GMT 10 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 10 Jul--The journalists of Nepal who came to Korea with the Nepali Cultural Troupe left Pyongyang by plane on 9 July.

While staying in Korea, they visited a historic site of revolution and went around industrial establishments, cooperative farms, educational, cultural and public health organs and other places.

Giving his impressions of Korean tour, Madan Sharma, chief editor of SWATANTRA SAMACHAR, noted that the Korean people had made tremendous successes in a brief period under the wise leadership of the great leader President Kim Il-song.

He said:

The achievements of the Korean people are a pride of us Asians. We have become convinced that the road taken by Korea is the one the Third World countries should follow.

On 7 July the journalists were invited to a friendship gathering sponsored by the Korea-Nepal Friendship Association.

'KCNA' REPORTS DPRK POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1539 GMT 8 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Jul (KCNA)—The heroic builders of Korea are constructing great monumental edifices in different parts of the country to adorn more brilliantly the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a great national festival.

Over the past 30 years under the banner of the DPRK, the Korean people have built numerous edifices to be handed down through generations. Among them are the metallurgical works in Songnim, Kangson and Chongjin, machine plants in Yongsong and Huichon and textile mills in Pyongyang and Kusong. They built 1,055 modern plants in the period between 1971 and August 1975, and completed 2,267 construction projects last year.

Seeing the giant creations built in this land, people feel with deep emotion the wise guidance and profound solicitude of the great leader.

It was one day early in 1951 when the whole country was in war flames that the great leader called designers to the supreme command, unrolled a brilliant blueprint of construction to be carried out after victory in the war and directed them to make its preparations.

The day when a Pyongyang mass rally was held in celebration of the victory in the fatherland liberation war, he went to the Kangnam brickyard straight from the platform. The next day found him in the severely destroyed Pyongyang Textile Combine and the Hwanghae Iron and Steel Works, where he indicated concrete orientations for their rehabilitation and construction, instilling strength and courage into the weavers and steel workers.

He gave on-the-spot guidance to one place after another throughout the country. Creation and innovation were reported from all places he visited,

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught:

"We must fix a proper order of priority in construction and concentrate on the major projects and step up the construction through the finish-one-byone method so as to hasten their operation to the maximum." The great leader, basing himself on a scientific insight into the specific conditions of the country, put forward the chuche-oriented unique policy of concentrating and industrialising construction and roused our people to implement it.

The postwar rehabilitation and reconstruction were an arduous struggle for our people. Too heavy were the wounds inflicted upon our young republic in the 3 years of the war.

The U.S. imperialists destroyed over 14,900 industrial establishments, educational, cultural and public health institutions and razed our towns and villages to the ground, crying that they would "erase 78 towns of North Korea from the map."

We were short of materials, funds, labour force and technical force.

But our people under the wise guidance of the great leader rose like immortals, tightening their belts, and completely healed the war wounds in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in a few years.

They creditably fulfilled the huge task of capital construction through a historic onward march for socialist industrialisation and built a socialist industrial state in a brief period of 14 years in this land, smashing to pieces the jargon of the U.S. imperialists that it would not be able to stand on its own feet again even in 100 years.

Today Korea has powerful industrial bases, such as giant metallurgical bases, heavy machine production bases, power, chemical and building materials bases, which produce in a matter of 5 days as much manufactured goods as were produced in the whole year of 1944 before liberation.

Long-distance belt conveyer transport lines built in Ullyul, Haeju and Komdok, the long-distance pipeline for transport of headings from Musan to Chongjin and electrified railways are also a pride of our people.

The looks of towns and rural villages have changed beyond recognition.

During the war, the U.S. imperialists showered more than 428,700 bombs over Pyongyang, leaving not a single building undestroyed. Today there appeared in the city such modern and grand streets as the Chollima Street, the Nakwon Street, the Piba Street and the Sangwon Street lined with 6, 10, 15-storeyed and higher-rising buildings.

The grandeur of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, is added to by such imposing buildings as the Korean Revolution Museum, the memorial for the victory in the fatherland liberation war, the Mansudae Art Theatre, the Pyongyang Grand Theatre, the 8 February House of Culture, the People's Palace of Culture, the Pyongyang Indoor Stadium, the Moranbong Stadium and the Pyongyang metro which are proud of their modern architectural beauty.

Sariwon, Wonsan, Hamhung and other local cities, Chongsan-ri and Oguk-ri and all other rural villages have also been built into attractive modern rural communities.

The monumental edifices built in Korea, a land of morning calm, under the far-reaching plan of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song are precious wherewithal for the happiness of our people and the prosperity of the generations to come.

DPRK SOLIDARITY COMMITTEE HOSTS VISITING JAPANESE GROUP

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0404 GMT 11 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 Jul (KCNA) -- The Korean Committee for Solidarity With the World People on 10 July arranged a party at the Ongnyu Hall in honour of the fourth delegation of the Japan Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea.

Speaking first at the party, Kim U-chong said that the members of the delegation had carried out extensive activities against the "two Koreas" plot of the enemies and their new war provocation manoeuvres and for the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea.

He touched upon their activities for a success of the second world conference for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea scheduled in Tokyo in November this year. These activities, he said, are a great encouragement to the struggle of our people for the reunification of the country.

The next speaker was Susumu Ozaki, representative member of the Japan Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea, who is leading the delegation. He said that his delegation has come to Korea to acquaint itself with the achievements in socialist construction and success in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country registered by the Korean people who are guided by the chuche idea founded by the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il-song.

He said that the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il-song, basing himself on the chuche idea, put forward the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification. He added that the three principles—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity—are supported by all the peace-loving people of the world who treasure justice.

The attendants toasted the friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Japanese peoples and the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

The party proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

'KCNA' REPORTS ON DPRK'S LIGHT INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1544 GMT 10 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 10 Jul (KCNA)—Our light industry has made a leaping advance alongside our fatherland developing and thriving under the banner of the republic.

With the creation of an independent light industry developed in a diversified way, equipped with up-to-date technique and relying on its own solid raw material base, our country today meets the people's demand for consumer goods and exports large quantities of its products.

At the time of the Japanese imperialists rule Korea had only a few small textile mills. These mills and light industry factories built by our people in the period of peaceful construction after liberation were destroyed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors during the last war.

Our country, however, has now a modern light industry with all branches, such as textile, foodstuffs, daily necessaries, shoe-making and paper-making to produce in sufficiency all kinds of consumer goods from cloths to articles for cultural use.

Our modern textile industry produces various fabrics including cotton, silk, woolen, flax, orlon and tetoron [as received] cloths.

Before liberation, the per capita textile output of our country was only 14 centimetres, but it rose to over 30 metres in 1970, the nations total output being 400 million metres. Today our country's annual production capacity of fabrics surpasses 600 million metres.

In the period of the Six-Year Plan knitting factories were newly built or expanded to increase the production capacity of sweaters and jerseys 6 times and that of underwear and hosiery 1.6-1.8 times.

Our country which could hardly produce sweets and pencils now turns out various kinds of foodstuffs and daily necessaries in great quantities.

Every province has a large-scale cornstarch factory, and every city, every county has a comprehensively mechanized riced corn meal factory and meat, fish, fruit and vegetable processing factories.

The foodstuffs output grew 2.4 times in the period of the fulfillment of the Six-Year Plan (1971-August 1975).

The daily necessaries industry composed of large-scale modern daily necessaries factories, those of local industry and daily necessaries workshops at heavy industrial enterprises put out various goods of high quality in large quantities—domestic washing machines, refrigerators, radios, TV sets, watches and clocks and other articles for cultural use and household utensils.

The production of daily necessaries augmented over 200 times for over 20 years after liberation and doubled in the period of the fulfillment of the Six-Year Plan.

Such amazing success is a brilliant embodiment of the far-reaching plan of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to make our people live well and a fruition of his wise leadership.

He indicated a direction and ways of the development of the light industry at each stage of the revolutionary development. He took party and state measures for it and visited different parts of the country, guiding on the spot the work for building a modern light industrial base.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught:

"Our party's policy in the production of consumer goods for the people is to develop small- and medium-scale local industry alongside large-scale central industry."

This policy has made it possible for our once backward light industry to rapidly develop in a short span of time through a proper combination of the state measures with an all-people movement.

He put forward first of all the policy of building the large-scale central light industry as the main base for the production of consumer goods and saw to it that huge state investments were made in this domain preferentially to build large-scale light industry factories.

Along with this, he pushed ahead with the construction of small- and medium-scale local industry factories through an all-people movement, actively enlisting the creative ingenuity of the masses and local reserves in the production of consumer goods.

In particular, he put forward the policy of building local industry factories in every city and county at the June 1958 plenary meeting of the Central Committee of the Party and mobilized all people to carry it through. This resulted in the building of over 1,000 local industry factories in a matter of a few months.

He personally set an example for the development of the local industry in Changsong County and generalized it throughout the country. Today every city, every county has more than 10 local industry factories on an average and the production at these factories account for half the nation's production of consumer goods.

The great leader also took measures for further consolidating the material and technical foundations of the light industry.

Along the policy advanced by him, our country equipped the large-scale light industry factories with up-to-date techniques by constructing the heavy industry which effectively serves the development of light industry and producing modern machines and equipment. At the same time, it consistently improved the technique and equipment of the local industry factories and accelerated their modernization.

The raw material bases of the light industry have been firmly built up for producing chemical, metal and wood raw materials, in addition to agricultural, fish and natural raw materials.

Industries producing vinalon and vinyl chloride with anthracite coal and limestone abundant in our country were built and their annual production capacities have risen to 50,000 tons each.

As a result, our light industry is developing in reliance upon its own solid raw material bases.

In the period of the Second Seven-Year Plan chuche-orientation, modernization and scientification will be vigorously accelerated in the light industrial domain as in all other domains of our national economy.

'KCNA' REPORTS ON ORE DEPOSITS IN TANCHON DISTRICT

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1543 GMT 7 Jul 78 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Jul (KCNA)—A great upswing is being effected in the production and construction in the Tanchon District, South Hamgyong Province, to which the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song gave on—the—spot guidance some time ago.

The Tanchon District linked with such mining districts as Kapsan and Unhung of Yanggang Province and Hochon of South Hamgyong Province is called an "underground treasure-house" of our country.

The district covered with the mesozoic mineral stratum called tanchonamgun in our geological term abounds in lead, zinc and other nonferrous ores.

Our magnesia widely known in the world magnesia clinker market is produced in this district.

Today the Tanchon District has been turned into a leading mining centre of the country under the wise guidance of the great leader.

The Komdok mine which is equipped with modern science and technique in all process from tunnelling to cutting, transport and treatment has increased its ore cutting and concentration capacity scores of times as against that in the period of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

The Yongyang mine called a white gold mountain, a treasure mountain, of the nation, has boosted the magnesia output hundreds of times compared with that before liberation.

The Sangnong mine and all other mines producing nonferrous and nonmetal ores have been expanded on a large scale and made a leaping development.

The mining industry in this district plays a big role in attaining the goal of 1 million tons of nonferrous ores set in the Second Seven-Year Plan.

The great leader defined the mining industry as the main front in the fulfillment of the new long-term plan. He visited this district some time ago and gave highly important teachings on developing the mining industry there more extensively, indicated its ways and solved knotty problems one by one.

Acting upon the teachings of the great leader, the workers there are pushing ahead with production and construction at a rapid tempo.

One more promising large mine is being developed there.

The large Tanchon smeltery is under construction. When completed it will be the biggest smeltery of our country. A combined concentration plant is also being built there to treat ores produced in the district.

Large-scale expansion projects are going on at the Tanchon magnesia factory where modern rotary kilns are under construction. The factory will raise the quality of magnesia clinker and increase its production capacity several fold by building more kilns.

On the other hand, the construction of a large mining town is progressing apace.

According to the general plan for the Tanchon District construction, multistoried flats will be built in the Sintanchon District immune from pollution and a bathing ground and recreation center be constructed for the working people.

BRIEFS

DPRK-CAMEROON COOPERATION TREATY--Pyongyang, 6 Jul (KCNA)--A ceremony for exchanging the ratification instruments of the treaty of friendship and cooperation between the governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United Republic of Cameroon was held in Yaounde on 27 June, according to a report. The instruments were signed by Yi Ik-hong, Korean Ambassador to Cameroon, authorized by the government of the DPRK, and by Cameroonian Foreign Minister Jean Keutcha, authorized by the government of Cameroon. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 6 Jul 78 SK]

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS UNION GROUP—Pyongyang, 10 Jul (KCNA)—The delegation of the International Union of Students headed by its chairman Miroslav Stepan left Pyongyang by plane on 9 July upon conclusion of its itinerary in Korea. While staying in Korea, it visited a historic site of revolution and went around a number of places of Pyongyang and Kaesong area. The guests expressed full support to the struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0347 GMT 10 Jul 78 SK]

SOLOMON ISLANDS RECOGNIZED--Pyongyang, 10 Jul (KCNA)--Comrade Yi Chong-ok, premier of the Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Peter Kenilorea, prime minister of the Solomon Islands, congratulating him on the proclamation of the independence of the Islands and informing him of the decision of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to recognize the Solomon Islands. Expressing the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries would favorably develop in the interests of the two peoples, the message wished big success to him in his work for building a prosperous new society. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0341 GMT 10 Jul 78 SK]

NEPALI PARTY VISIT TO DPRK--Pyongyang, 9 Jul (KCNA) --Younger brothers of the king of Nepal His Royal Highness Gyanendra Bir Bikram Shah and His Royal Highness Dhirenda Bir Bikram Shah and their wives and their party will shortly pay a visit to our country at the invitation of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0820 GMT 9 Jul 78 SK]

INTERNATIONAL REUNIFICATION COMMITTEE--Pyongyang, 25 Jun (KCNA)--Jean Dory, secretary general of the International Liaison Committee for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea, left Pyongyang yesterday by plane after visiting our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0800 GMT 25 Jun 78 SK]

JOURNALISTS RETURN--Pyongyang, 24 Jun--The journalists delegation of NODONG SINMUN and the delegation of the writers union of our country returned to Pyongyang yesterday by train after visiting the German Democratic Republic. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0349 GMT 24 Jun 78 SK]

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